HIGH-STRENGTH ALUMINUM ALLOY EXTRUDED PRODUCT EXHIBITING EXCELLENT CORROSION RESISTANCE AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURING SAME

ABSTRACT

The present invention provides a high-strength aluminum alloy extruded product exhibiting excellent corrosion resistance and secondary workability and suitably used as a structural material for transportation equipment such as automobiles, railroad vehicles, and aircrafts, and a method of manufacturing the same. The aluminum alloy extruded product has a composition containing 0.6 to 1.2% of Si, 0.8 to 1.3% of Mg, and 1.3 to 2.1% of Cu while satisfying the following conditional expressions (1), (2), (3), and (4),

 $3\% \le Si\% + Mg\% + Cu\% \le 4\% \tag{1}$

Mg%≤1.7×Si% (2)

 $Mg%+Si%\leq 2.7\%$ (3)

 $Cu\%/2\le Mg\%\le (Cu\%/2)+0.6\%$ (4)

and further containing 0.04 to 0.35% of Cr, and 0.05 % or less of Mn as an impurity, with the balance being aluminum and unavoidable impurities. The cross section of the extruded product has a recrystallized structure with an average grain size of 500 µm or less.—The-manufacturing-method-includes, when extruding the aluminum alloy into a solid product by using a solid die, extruding the aluminum alloy by using a solid die in which a bearing length (L) is 0.5 mm or more and the bearing length (L) and the thickness (T) of the solid product have a relationship expressed as "L≤5T", and, when extruding the aluminum alloy into a hollow product by using a porthole die or a bridge die, extruding the aluminum alloy while setting the ratio of the flow speed of the aluminum alloy in a non-joining section to the flow speed of the aluminum alloy in a joining section in a chamber, where the billet reunites-after entering a port section of the die in divided flows and subsequently encircling a mandrel, at 1.5 or less.